

It's Time to Re-Invent the Wheel:
A Report on Quality Improvement Efforts
in a Newborn Hearing Screening Program

Presented by: Samantha Espinal, AuD
Pediatric Audiologist & Newborn Hearing Screening Coordinator

Contributors

- Chrisanda Sanchez, AuD
 - Pediatric audiologist
 - Director of the Children’s Hearing Program

Disclosures

- Employed by the University of Miami Ear Institute

Background Information

- University of Miami Children's Hearing Program within the Ear Institute
 - Outpatient clinic for the pediatric population
- Neighboring birthing hospital is one of the largest children's hospital in the Southeastern United States
 - Level IV NICU
 - Average of 480-500 births per month



The Guidelines

Screening

1

All infants should undergo hearing screening prior to discharge from the birth hospital and **no later than one month of age**, using physiologic measures with objective determination of outcome.

Diagnosis

3

All infants whose initial birth-screen and any subsequent rescreening warrant additional testing should have appropriate audiologic evaluation to confirm the infant's hearing status **no later than 3 months of age**.

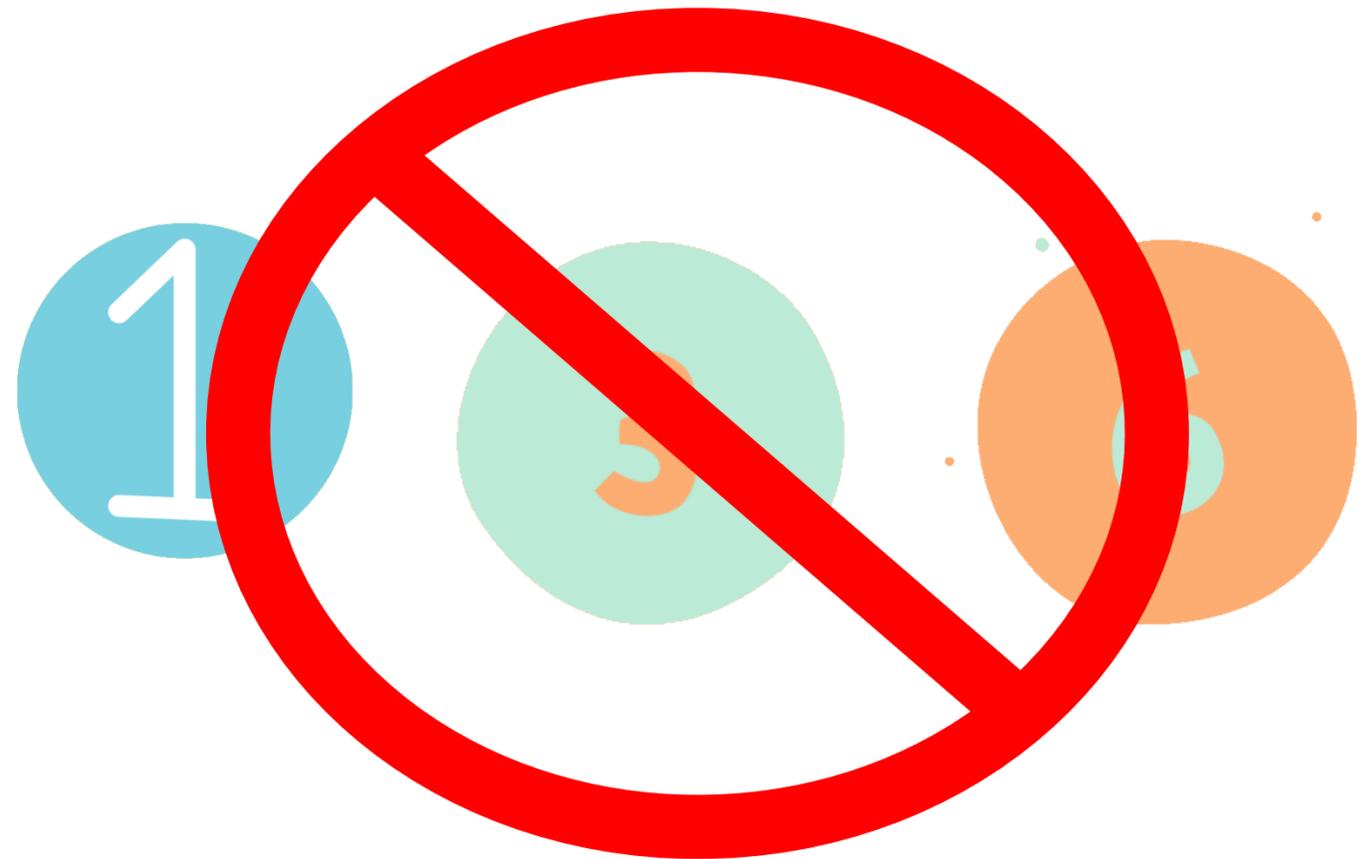
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Intervention

Early intervention services should be offered through an approach that reflects the family's preferences and goals for their child, and should begin as soon as possible after diagnosis but **no later than six months of age**.

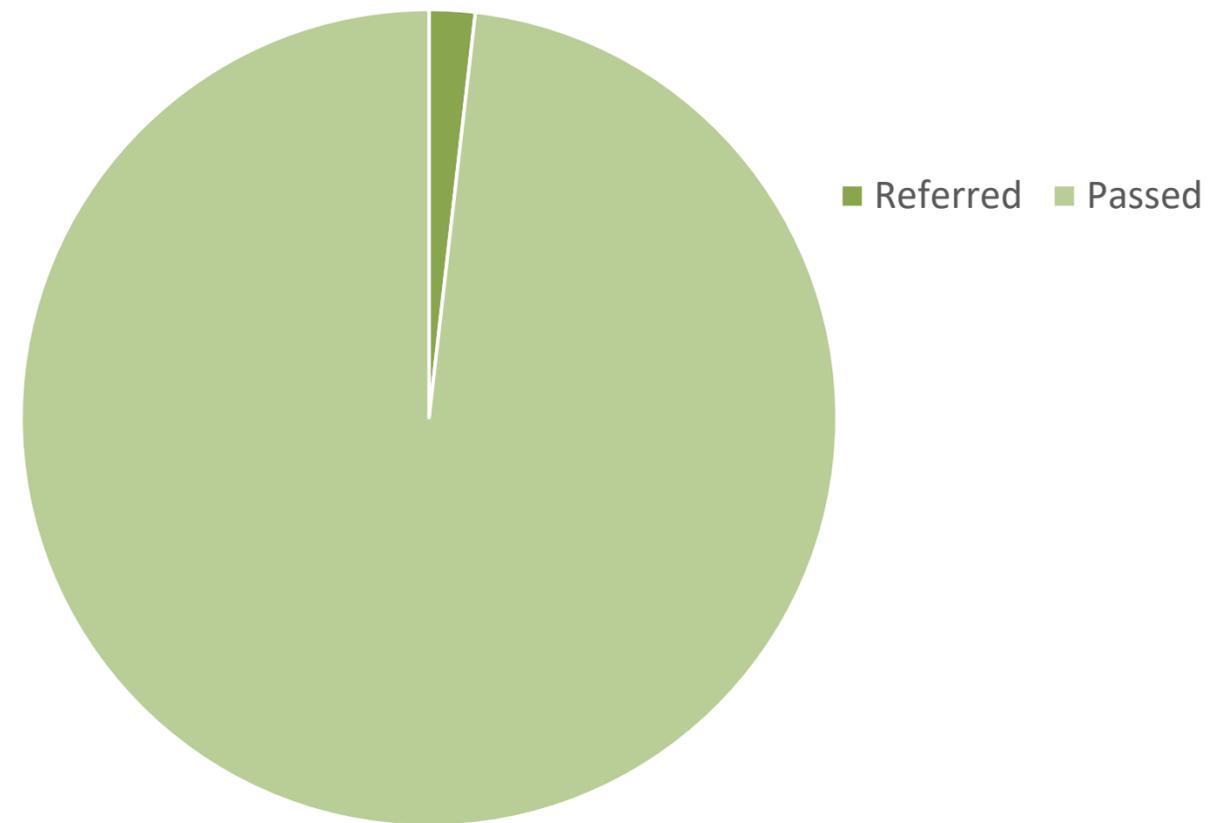
National Newborn Hearing Screening and EHDI

- In 2022, 6,272 infants identified with hearing loss
 - ~60% diagnosed after 3 months of age
 - Only 40.9% enrolled in EI services by 6 months of age



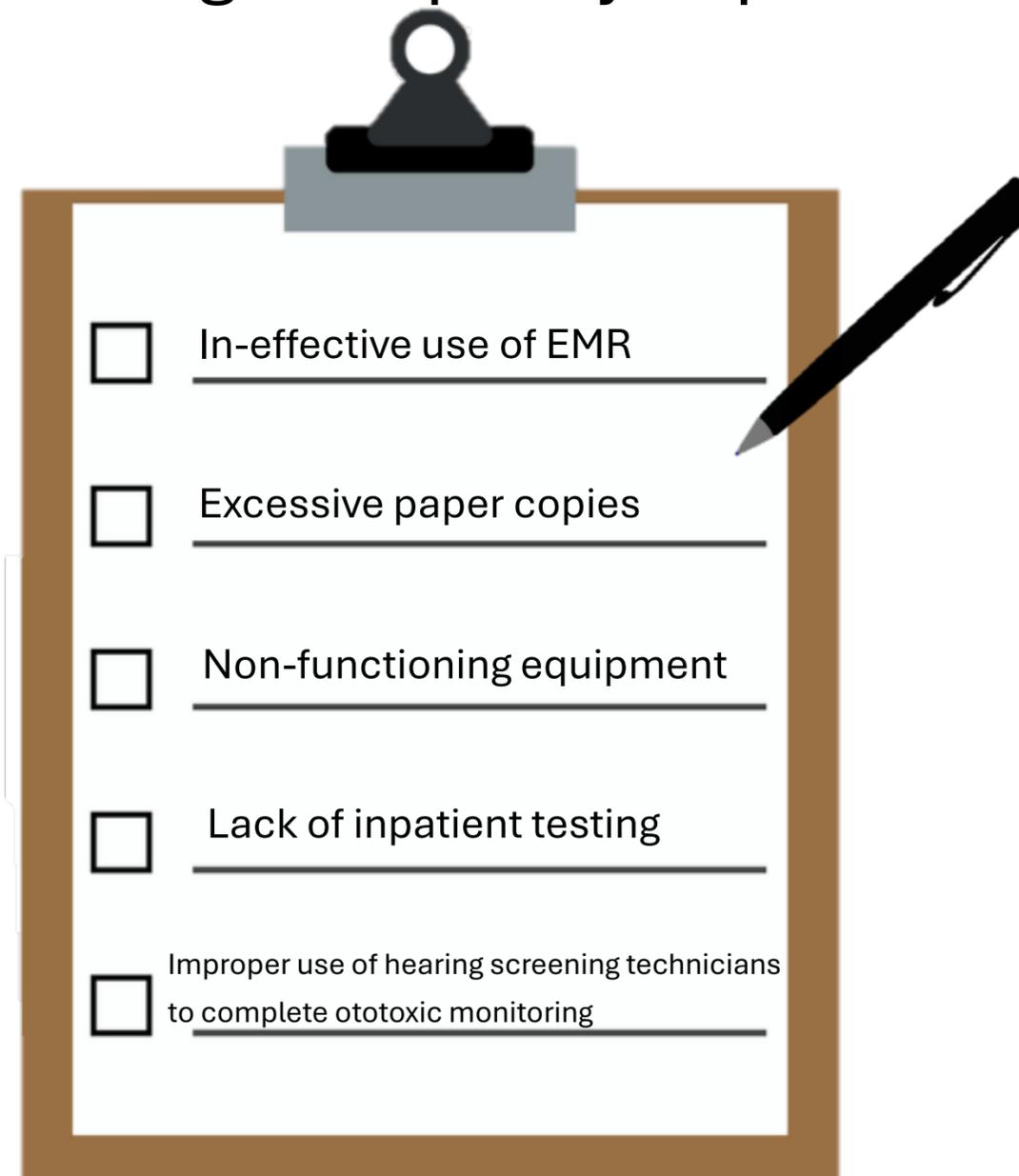
Florida Newborn Hearing Screening and EHDI

- 222,461 live births
–99% received NBHS
- 4,037 referred NBHS
- Prevalence of infant hearing loss in FL: 1.4 / 1000 live births



Our Timeline and Goals

- UM CHP and birthing hospital collaboration began in February of 2024
- Push for efficient screening and quality improvement



Unplanned Issues...



- **About 1 ½ months without any newborn hearing screeners**

Current equipment issues	—————→	Loaner from the state
New equipment issues	—————→	Months of equipment trials
Supply shortage	—————→	New vendors
Staffing shortage	—————→	Created referral process for missed babies

But what about the babies?

Outpatient Testing

- **Began planning for outpatient newborn hearing screenings**
 - Utilized audiology externs and audiology assistants
 - LEND audiology externs created a testing protocol
 - AABR: utilized a loaner from the state
 - DPOAEs: utilized clinic equipment with modified protocols
- **Continued to make changes to the inpatient infrastructure**

Inpatient Efforts

Inpatient Efforts

- Per Florida state guidelines- not technically out of compliance

Section 1: Chapter 383, Florida Statutes: Maternal and Infant Health Care

383.145: Newborn and infant hearing screening

(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT:

The intent of this section is to provide a statewide comprehensive and coordinated interdisciplinary program of early hearing impairment screening, identification, and follow-up care for newborns. The goal is to screen all newborns for hearing impairment in order to alleviate the adverse effects of hearing loss on speech and language development, academic performance, and cognitive development.

(a) Each licensed hospital or other state-licensed birthing facility that provides maternity and newborn care services shall provide that all newborns are, prior to discharge, screened for the detection of hearing loss, to prevent the consequences of unidentified disorders.

(b) Each licensed birth center that provides maternity and newborn care services shall provide that all newborns are, prior to discharge, referred to a licensed audiologist, a physician licensed under Chapter 458 or Chapter 459, Florida Statutes, or a hospital or other newborn hearing screening provider, for screening for the detection of hearing loss, to prevent the consequences of unidentified disorders. The referral for appointment shall be made within 30 days after discharge. Written documentation of the referral must be placed in the newborn's medical chart.

Hospitals where maternity or newborn care services are provided, shall complete the newborn hearing screening prior to discharge, unless:

- A parent objects. When a parent refuses a hearing screening:
 - Education material regarding hearing loss and potential delays in speech and oral language milestones should be provided.
 - Documentation of the refusal must be signed by the parent and included in the newborn's medical record.
 - Hearing screening refusals must be reported to the state Newborn Hearing Screening (NBHS) and Early Hearing Detection and Intervention (EHDI) Program.
- There are temporary staffing limitations. When this occurs, the screening must be completed within 30 days after discharge.

Inpatient Efforts

✓ Optimized use of EMR to track babies for initial/repeat testing

✓ 2 step screen

• Well baby

• DPO

• AAB

✓ Use of black

✓ Patient tracking

The screenshot shows an EMR interface with a menu bar (Task, Edit, View, Patient, Chart, Links, Patient) and a toolbar with icons for Home, Message Center, Scheduling, and other functions. Below the menu is a 'Patient List' section with a table containing columns for Room, Bed, Name, and DOB. A patient record is open for a 'Well baby' in the 'NICU A' unit, showing 'Neonatology, Newborn' and a table with columns for Room, Bed, Name, and DOB. The patient's name and DOB are redacted with black boxes.

Patient label

Test type LE Results RE Results Initials
 OAE Pass Pass _____
 ABR Fail Fail _____

Test type LE Results RE Results Initials
 OAE Pass Pass _____
 ABR Fail Fail _____

Report
 Blood spot card
 eReports

Patient label

Test type LE Results RE Results Initials
 OAE Pass Pass _____
 ABR Fail Fail _____

Test type LE Results RE Results Initials
 OAE Pass Pass _____
 ABR Fail Fail _____

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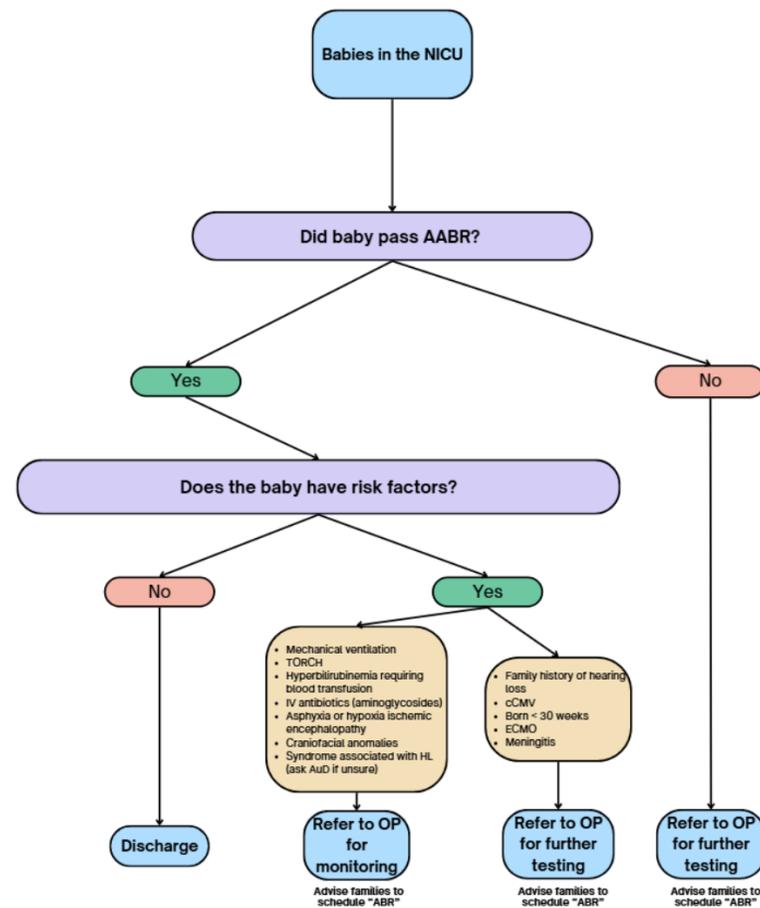
Report
 Blood spot card
 eReports

Medical Record Number
 Infant's Birth Tracking Number
 Transfusion Date
 Mother's or Contact's Telephone Number
 Alternate Telephone Number
 PRIVATE/EMMA SELF-PAY MED. CAD. PENDING
 Zip Code
 NOT SCREENED BEFORE DISCHARGE REASON:
 (Select one)
 PHN MICROTIA/ ATRESIA/ CLEFT
 MV FACILITY TRANSFER EXPIRED
 IMS PROLONGED NICU STAY MISSED
 N FOR MEDICALLY FRAGILE REFUSED
 en Collection Card, DH 677, Replaces ALL Previous Editions.
 s. Rule 64C-7.0002, F.A.C.

Inpatient Efforts

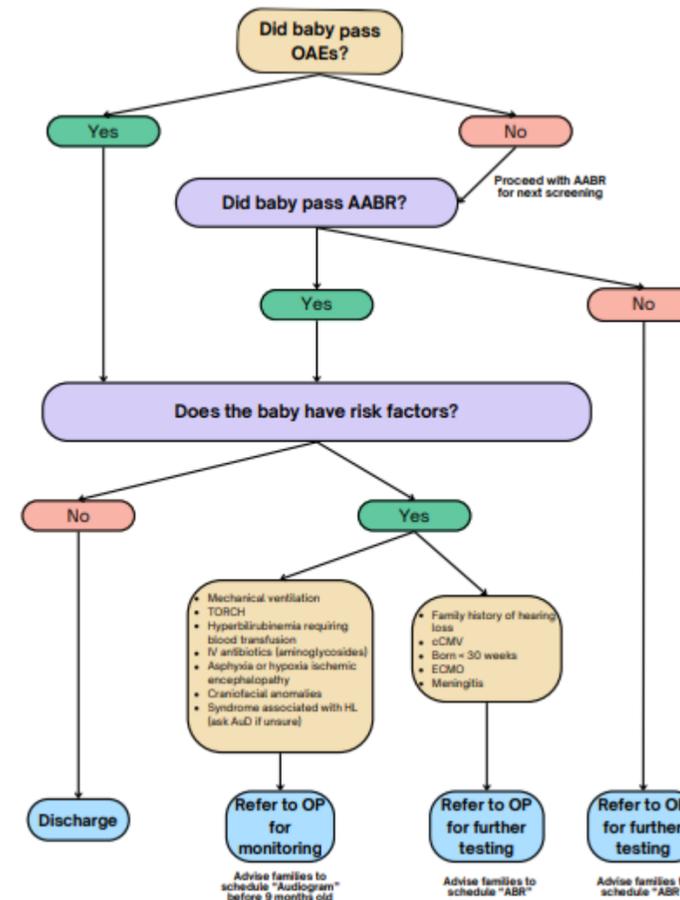
- ✓ Inpatient ototoxic monitoring
- ✓ Improved inpatient training process
- ✓ Risk factor referral system

**NEWBORN HEARING SCREENING- NICU:
WHEN TO REFER FOR ADDITIONAL TESTING**



WHEN IN DOUBT, ASK AN AUDIOLOGIST

**NEWBORN HEARING SCREENING- WELL BABY:
WHEN TO REFER FOR ADDITIONAL TESTING**



WHEN IN DOUBT, ASK AN AUDIOLOGIST

Motivation for Improvement

- Decrease loss to follow up
- Decrease unnecessary referrals
- State compliance
- Psychosocial impact due to late/missed IDs

Still in Progress

- Working with stakeholders to identify what needs improvement
- Training current staff on proper protocols
 - thorough training process that includes didactic training, observation, and competency checks
- State reporting
- There are many major stakeholders in this process, everyone has similar goals, but priorities may be different

Everyone Wants the Babies Screened

Birth Hospital



Screen the babies, remain within state compliance

Families



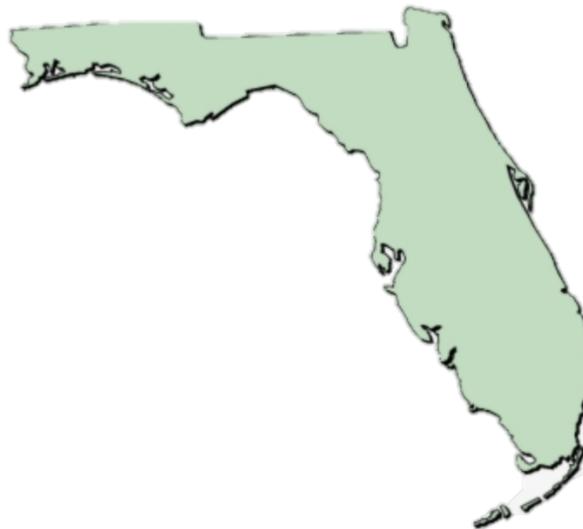
Get discharged quickly

Screeners



Get babies to pass prior to discharge

State



Babies are screened, reported, and referred to EI

Inpatient Care Team



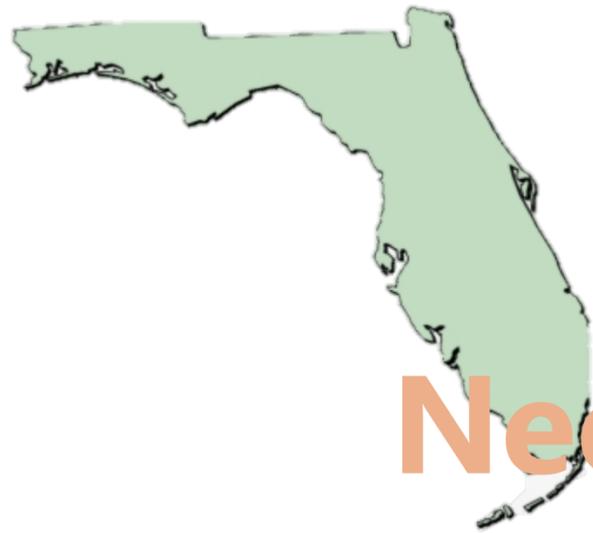
Ensure babies are healthy

Audiologist



Identify at risk babies

Everyone Wants the Babies Screened

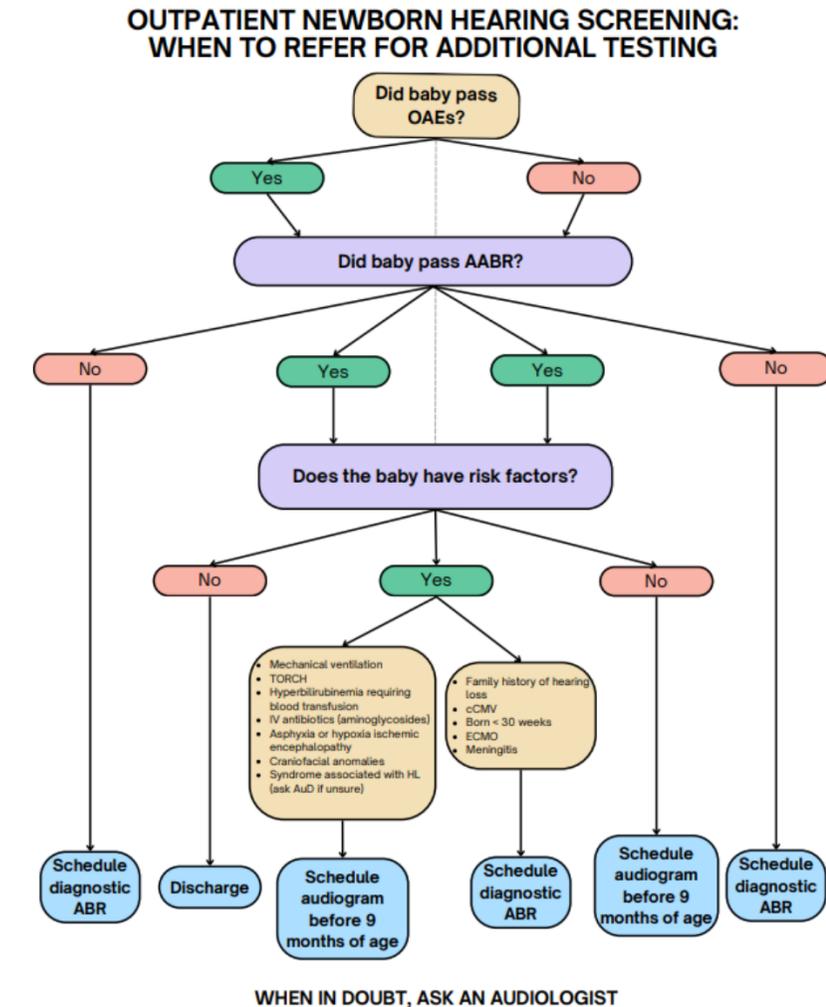


Need to Find Common Ground
Education is Key!

Outpatient Efforts

Current Protocol

- Initially began with our LEND audiology externs
- Independent schedule
- DPOAEs and AABR
- Tympanometry when necessary
- Referred for additional testing depending on risk factors



Outpatient Barriers

- Equipment
 - Loaner equipment
 - Purchased NBHS equipment
- Scheduling all the babies
- Family Navigator and Social work team get families in the door
 - Transportation, insurance concerns for follow-up testing
 - General support

Documentation

- Note in EMR
- Cover sheet
- State documentation

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Patient Label Here

NEWBORN HEARING SCREENING FOLLOW-UP

LOCATION: UM Ear Institute MCCC Jackson

EQUIPMENT: AABR IHS Vivosonic Corti

TEST COMPLETED:

Automated ABR (AABR)

DPOAEs

Tympanometry

TYMPANOGRAM

1000 Hz

Right: WNL Abnormal

Left: WNL Abnormal

DNT/CNT

HISTORY

Born: Full-term Premature: _____ weeks gestation

Hospital: _____

Hearing: Failed newborn hearing screening: Ear(s): R L AU No newborn hearing screening

AABR DPOAE Unknown

Risk Factors: Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU); Duration: _____

Hyperbilirubinemia Blood transfusions Craniofacial anomalies Mechanical ventilation

IV antibiotics cCMV Family history of childhood hearing loss

Medical condition/syndrome: _____

RECOMMENDATIONS

Diagnostic/Comprehensive ABR

Follow-up with behavioral testing due to:

Risk factors for hearing loss

Absent DPOAEs

Family history of hearing loss

ENT due to abnormal tympanograms

Normal findings, no follow-up needed

RESULTS

Right Ear:

DPOAE PASS REFER Could Not Test

ABR PASS REFER Could Not Test

Left Ear:

DPOAE PASS REFER Could Not Test

ABR PASS REFER Could Not Test

All findings will be reported to the state via the Florida Department of Health's eReports database

Audiologist Print _____ Tester Name _____

Audiologist Signature _____ Date _____

User SmartPhrase – NEWBORNHEARINGSSCREENING [453645]

Do not include PHI or patient-specific data in SmartPhrases.

9 B Aa A Insert SmartText Insert SmartList

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NEWBORN HEARING SCREENING

Today's appointment was conducted in the patient and family's preferred language: {CS Languages:21988}

Interpreter {WAS/WAS NOT:25865} used for today's visit.

@NAME@, a @AGE@ @SEX@, was seen for a {in-re:26105} newborn hearing screening. @NAME@ was accompanied by @HIS@ {Guardian:21927} to today's appointment.

History:

Birth History:

- Born {BirthHx:21885} at *** weeks gestation
- NICU stay was {NICU:22241}
- {Passed/Failed:21886} initial newborn hearing screening {CI Ear:22507}
- ***Newborn hearing screening was not completed at the hospital before discharge

Risk Factors (select all that apply):

NICU stay >5 days

Mechanical ventilation

Ototoxic medications

Phototherapy/Bilirubin

ECMO

Low birth weight (<1500g)

Diagnosed syndrome(s) associated with hearing loss

Infectious diseases (Herpes, Rubella, Toxoplasmosis, etc)

Positive for cCMV

Family history of permanent hearing loss in childhood

Craniofacial abnormalities

Other: ***

No significant risk factors for hearing loss noted

Results:

Otoscopy:

RIGHT: {Otoscopy:21900}

LEFT: {Otoscopy:21900}

Tympanometry: (Tympanometry:22324) probe tone

RIGHT: {ABR Tympanometry:25108}, consistent with {CS normal:25109} middle ear function

LEFT: {ABR Tympanometry:25108}, consistent with {CS normal:25109} middle ear function

Distortion Product Otoacoustic Emissions (DPOAEs): Obtained from 2000-6000 Hz

Cochlear function was assessed using distortion-product otoacoustic emissions (DPOAEs). A PASS result indicates that at least 3 out of 4 frequencies have a present emission and a SNR >6 dB.

RIGHT: {Pass/Fail:26644}

LEFT: {Pass/Fail:26644}

Automated Auditory Brainstem Response (aABR) Screening:

The sleep-deprived aABR screening was performed at the University of Miami Ear Institute using the GSI Novus equipment. Air conduction chirp stimuli was presented through insert earphones corrected to 25 eHL.

RIGHT: {Pass/Fail:26644}



Welcome to eReports

Patient Search [Click for Help](#)

Patient Last Name: Mother's Last Name:

Birth Date: Birth Facility MRN:

Mother's First Name: Birth Facility: Any Facility

Training Endeavors

- Transitioned to include audiology assistants
 - Have trained 7 screeners total
- Provides screeners with a sense of independence
- Career advancing opportunities

Welcome to Newborn Hearing Screening Bootcamp!

Created and presented by Dr. Samantha Espinal



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CHILDREN'S HEARING PROGRAM

Newborn Hearing Screening

Children's Hearing Program

Screeener: _____ patient label

Co-signer: _____

Birth & Medical History:

Baby was born: Full term (38+ weeks) Premature (under 38 weeks) How many weeks? _____

Were there any complications during the pregnancy or birth? Yes No

Did your baby spend any time in the NICU? (Risk factor: > 5 days) Yes No

If yes, how long? _____ days _____ weeks _____ months

What complications occurred during the pregnancy/birth? What treatment did they receive in the NICU? (see below)

Did your baby receive mechanical ventilation? Yes No

Did your baby receive IV antibiotics? Yes No

Did your baby have jaundice that required phototherapy? Yes No

 If yes, did they require a blood transfusion? Yes No

Did your baby require ECMO? Yes No

Did your baby have a low birth weight (less than 1500 g)? Yes No

Has your baby been diagnosed with any syndromes? Yes No

 If yes, what? _____

 If yes, what specialties are they followed by? _____

Any history of infectious diseases (Herpes, Rubella, Toxoplasmosis etc)? Yes No

Any family history of permanent hearing loss in childhood? Yes No

Any craniofacial anomalies observed or reported? Yes No

Newborn Hearing Screening History:

Did your baby pass their newborn hearing screening? Yes No

 If no, which ear did they fail in? Left Right Both

 If no, did they test positive for congenital cytomegalovirus (cCMV)? Yes No

Appointment Checklist:

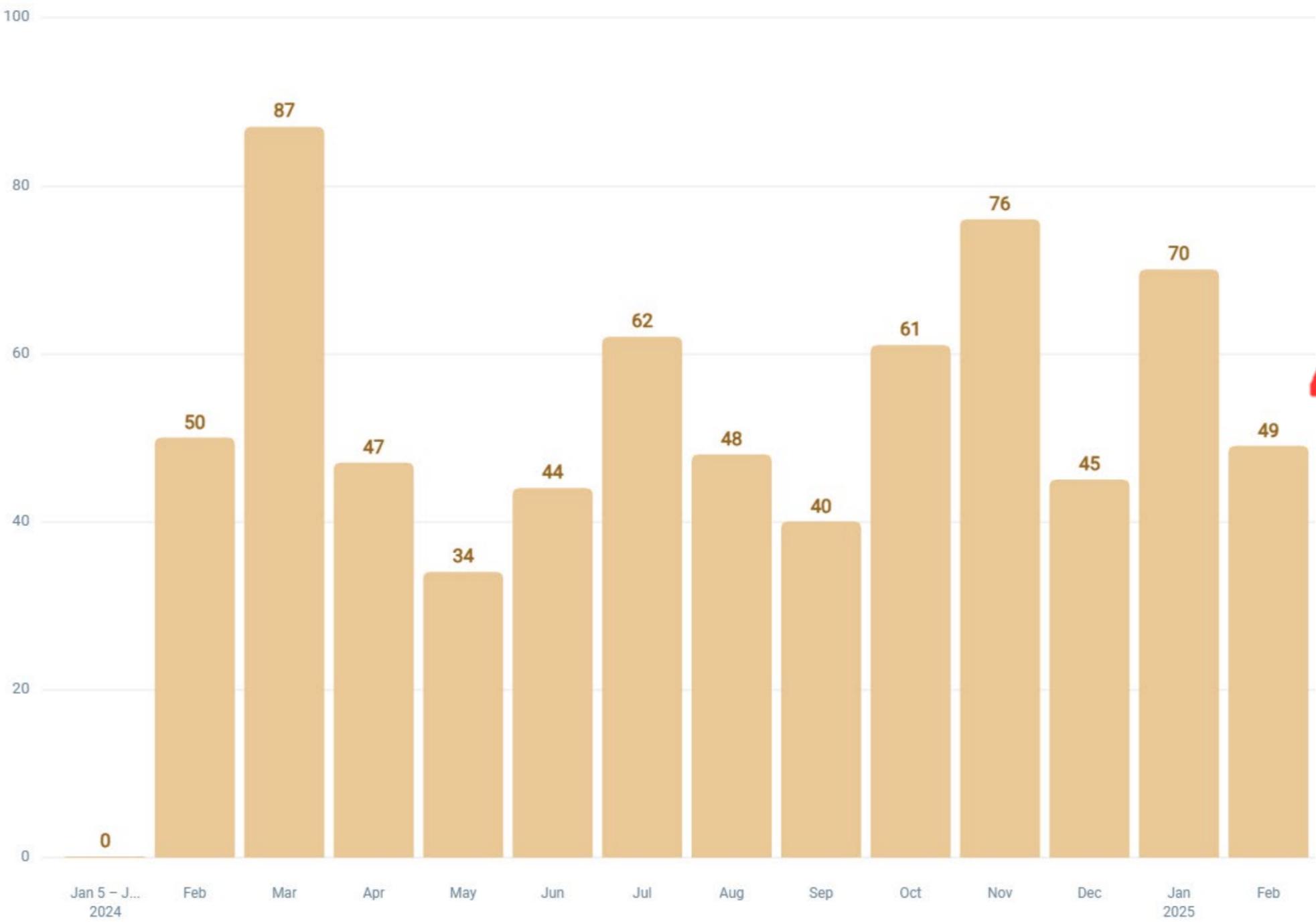
OAE test (4 freq) OAE scan Co-signer Charges F/U appt if needed

AABR test Cover sheet Dx code LOS Upload to eReports

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Newborn Hearing Screening Competencies					
<i>Please type which number best represents your skill level in each area. Cells are red when left blank and will automatically change color once a ranking is filled.</i>					
Rankings:	Skill competency:	Review method:			
0: No experience	= completed skill or procedure	DO: Direct observation			
1: Observational - No hands on or supervised experience, only observed skill	= did not complete skill or procedure				
2: Developing - Can perform the skill with guidance and support					
3: Developed - Can perform the skill with minimal to no guidance					
4: Independence - Demonstrates full and independent competency					
General Knowledge: The Importance of EMDI	Ranking (0-4)	Infant 1	Infant 2	Infant 3	Review Method
Observer asks screener why it's important to screen the hearing of newborns. (Observer determines if screener has a general understanding of this concept). Comments:					
Preparing to Screen	Ranking (0-4)	Infant 1	Infant 2	Infant 3	Review Method
Ensures baby is ready for screening (sleeping, fed, quiet)					
Educates parents about the newborn hearing screen					
Follows hospital/clinic infection control procedures					
Swaddles and positions baby in preparation for screening					
Asks case history questions and identifies risk factors for hearing loss					
Enters all required patient information accurately into screening equipment					
Comments:					
Screening with OAE	Ranking (0-4)	Infant 1	Infant 2	Infant 3	Review Method
Explains and understands what structure(s) OAEs are testing					
If conducting OAE, cleans and prepares probe for screening					
If conducting OAE, appropriately places probe in baby's ear					
Quiets baby, if needed					
Ensures proper ear is selected on the equipment and initiates screening					
Demonstrates troubleshooting techniques, if needed (calms baby and re-positions probe)					
When switching ears, uses recommended techniques					
Comments:					
Screening with AABR	Ranking (0-4)	Infant 1	Infant 2	Infant 3	Review Method
Explains and understands what structure(s) AABR is testing					
Prepares skin and appropriately places electrode/probe or muffs					
Quiets baby, if needed					
Ensures proper ear is selected on the equipment and initiates screening					
Demonstrates troubleshooting techniques, if needed (calms baby and re-positions probe)					
When switching ears, uses recommended techniques					
Comments: They have not performed tympanometry with me					
Completing the Screening Process	Ranking (0-4)	Infant 1	Infant 2	Infant 3	Review Method
Prints, documents results, per hospital/clinic protocol					
Conducts state reporting responsibilities					
If passing results, effectively communicates results to parents (both verbal and written)					
If failing results: - communicates results to parents (both verbal and written)					
- schedules a follow-up appointment for outpatient/diagnostic testing					
- provides a written handout with appointment time and details					
Comments:					

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Outpatient- NBHS Follow-Up Appointments



Outpatient Clinic Prior to NBHS

- Tertiary referral center
 - We cannot control how soon kids come through our doors
- Previous model, we may see children with hearing loss anywhere from 16 months – 2 years to start the process
- Still experiencing no-shows for initial screenings, babies will be missed
- Refine risk factor follow up protocol

Case Study 3

Screening



Diagnosis



Intervention



Case Study 4

Screening

10 days

Diagnosis

2 weeks

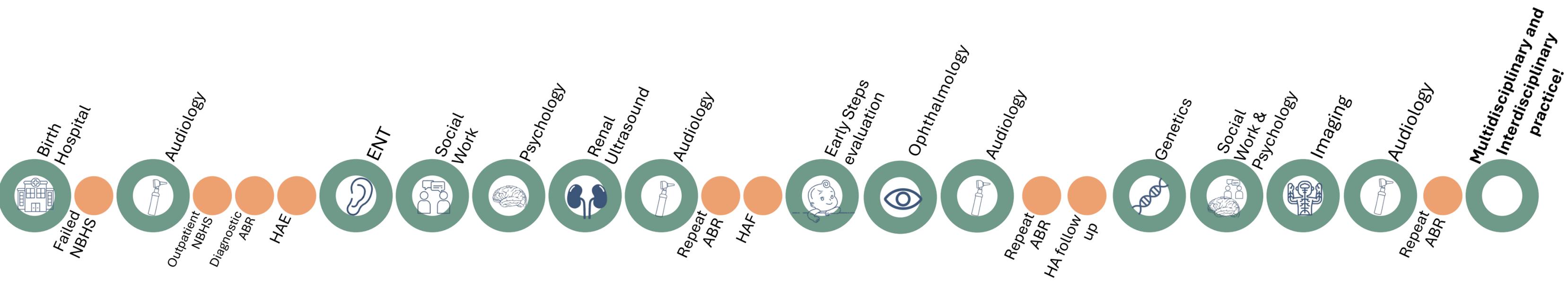
Intervention



7 weeks



Intervention Goes Beyond Audiometry



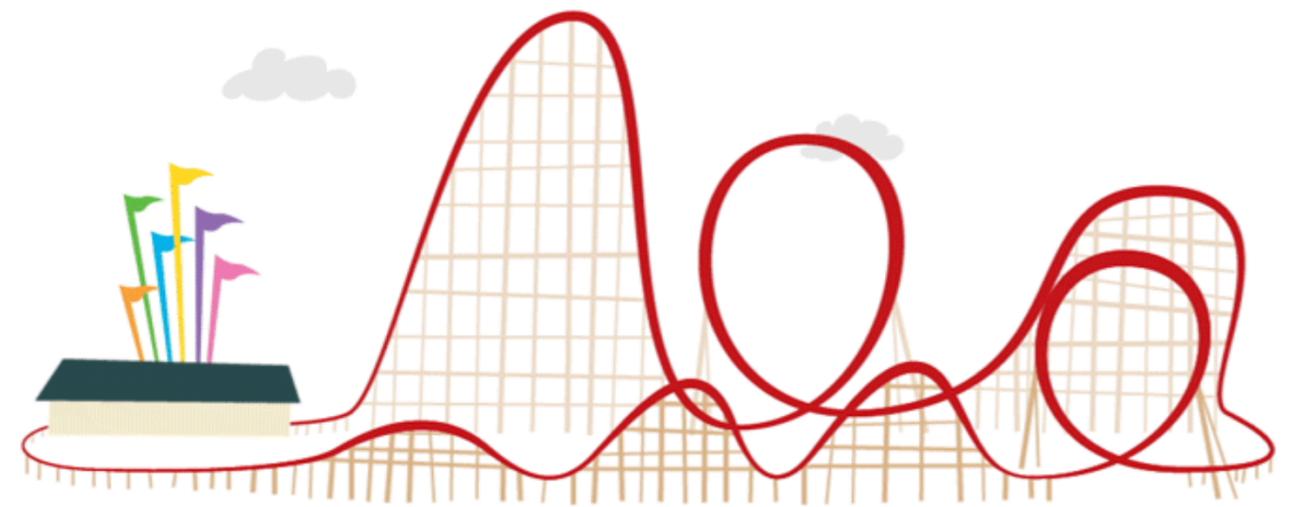
All completed by 4 months old!

Unexpected Outcomes

- Inpatient delays
- Outpatient outcomes
- Influx of ototoxic monitoring requests
- NICU ABRs

What We Learned

- NBHS programs are not easy
- Just because something has been done a certain way for a long time, doesn't mean it shouldn't be changed
- Growth is possible with a willing team
- Things may get worse before they get better



Excited for what's to come 😊

Thank



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